# Programming Sensor Networks



Nicolas Burri Pascal von Rickenbach

## Overview

- TinyOS Platform
- Program Development
- Current Projects



MOBILE COMPUTING

## Sensor Nodes

- System Constraints
  - Slow CPU
  - Little memory
  - Short-range radio
  - Battery powered



## Ö

#### MOBILE COMPUTING

### 3

## **Operating System Requirements**

- Measure real-world phenomena
  - Event-driven architecture
- Resource constraints
  - Hurry up and sleep!
- Adapt to changing technologies
  - Modularity & re-use
- Applications spread over many small nodes
  - Communication is fundamental
- Inaccessible location, critical operation
  Robustness



2

## **TinyOS Platform**

• TinyOS consists of a scheduler & graph of components



MOBILE COMPUTING



Programming Model

- Interfaces contain definitions of
  - Commands
  - Events
- Components implement the events they use and the commands they provide.





#### **Concurrency Model** Memory Model Actually single threaded! Coarse-grained concurrency only Static memory allocation • Implemented via tasks No heap (malloc) Stack No function pointers Tasks run sequentially by TinyOS scheduler - "Multi-threading" is done by the programmer Global variables ٠ - Atomic with respect to other tasks (single threaded) One frame per component - Longer background processing jobs Local variables Free 10 kB Events (interrupts) Declared within a method ٠ Time critical Note that "event" is overloaded Saved on the stack Preempt tasks - Short duration (hand off computation to tasks if needed) Conserve memory Global • Use pointers, don't copy buffers MOBILE COMPUTING MOBILE COMPUTING 9 10 **TinyOS** Distribution Network Stack Ready-to-use communication framework TinyOS is distributed in source code - Simple hardware abstraction - nesC as programming language - Standardized message format nesC • TimerC • start() - Integrated dispatcher stop() Dialect of C Dispacher for different Embodies the structuring concepts and execution model of TinyOS fired() messages types • Module, configuration, interface activity... • Tasks, calls, signals send() • send() - Pre-processor producing C code GenericComm AMStandard adioCRCPacke nesC limitations ٠ sendDone() • sendDone() - No dynamic memory allocation receive() receive() • send() No function pointers This is just a configuration! sendDone() receive() ARTFramedPacket

MOBILE COMPUTING

11

MOBILE COMPUTING



## What needs to be improved



- Getting started
  - Setting up the environment is tricky
  - Frustrating without the help of an expert
- Syntax check before compiling
  - Compiling takes up to 1 min even for small programs
- Better debugging support
  - Only three LEDs to show the current state of the application
- Reference
  - What interfaces exist?
  - Which module implements this interface?



0

MOBILE COMPUTING

17

