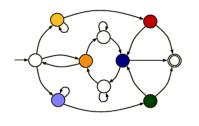
Discrete Event Systems

Introduction

Discrete Event Systems



Laurent Vanbever nsg.ee.ethz.ch

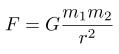
ETH Zürich (D-ITET) 22 September 2022

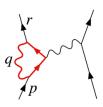
> Being based on natural phenomena, Science is often explained by continuous variables

Discrete Event Systems

Why should you care?







Mechanics

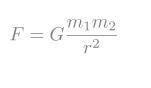
Gravitation

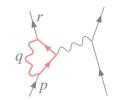
Electrodynamic

Being based on natural phenomena,

Science is often explained by continuous variables







Mechanics

Gravitation

Electrodynamic

solved by differential equations



computer systems

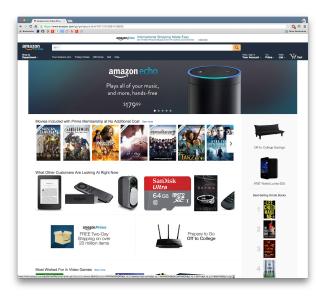


transportation systems

NYC subway system

Many complex systems are not continuous...

Somewhere inside Google datacenters



Those systems are determined by discrete events

Customers requests Telephone calls Train arrivals

Incoming data

Equipment failures

amazon.com home page

In this course, you'll learn how to

some examples

Model		Model	automata & petri nets
Analyze		Analyze	average-, worst-case viewpoint
Design	Discrete Event Systems	Design	out of a specification
Test		Test	proof system properties
Optimize		Optimize	minimize the system size

software

systems

There will be 3 lecturers in the course



Part I



Part II



Roger Wattenhofer

Automata

Stochastic process



Lana Josipović

Part III

Week 1-4







Roger Wattenhofer



Week 10-13

Lana Josipović

Automata

Laurent Vanbever

Stochastic process

Specification model

Course organization

Lectures	Thursday 2pm-4pm @HG D 7.2
Exercices	Thursday 4pm-6pm @HG D 7.2

https://disco.ethz.ch/courses/des/ Materials