

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich



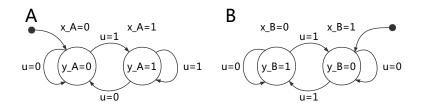
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## Discrete Event Systems

Exercise: Verification of Finite Automata (Part 2)

## 1 Comparison of Finite Automata

Here are two simple finite automata:

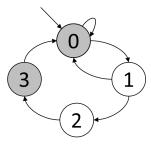


For each, we have a one bit encoding for the states  $(x_A \text{ and } x_B)$ , one binary output  $(y_A \text{ and } y_B)$ , and one common binary input (u). We want to verify whether or not these two automata are equivalent. This can be done through the following steps:

- a) Express the characteristic function of the transition relation for both automaton,  $\psi_r(x, x', u)$ .
- b) Express the joint transition function,  $\psi_f$ . Reminder:  $\psi_f(x_A, x_A', x_B, x_B') = (\exists u : \psi_A(x_A, x_A', u) \cdot \psi_B(x_B, x_B', u))$ .
- c) Express the characteristic function of the reachable states,  $\psi_X(x_A, x_B)$ .
- d) Express the characteristic function of the reachable output,  $\psi_Y(y_A, y_B)$ .
- e) Are the two automata equivalent? Hint: Evaluate, for example,  $\psi_Y(0,1)$ .

## 2 Temporal Logic

a) We consider the following automaton. The property a is true on the colored states (0 and 3).



For each of the following CTL formula, list all the states for which it holds true.

- (i) EF *a*
- (ii) EG a
- (iii) EX AX a
- (iv) EF ( a AND EX NOT(a) )
- b) Given the transition function  $\psi_f(q, q')$  and the characteristic function  $\psi_Z(q)$  for a set Z, write a small pseudo-code which returns the characteristic function of  $\psi_{AFZ}(q)$ . It can be expressed as symbolic boolean functions, like  $\overline{x_A}x'_A\overline{x_B}x'_B + \overline{x_A}x'_Ax_Bx'_B$ .

**Hint:** To do this, simply use the classic boolean operators AND, OR, NOT and !=. You can also use the operator PRE(Q, f), which returns the predecessor of the set Q by the transition function f. That is,

$$\mathtt{PRE}(Q,f) = \{q': \exists q, \, \psi_f(q',q) \cdot \psi_Q(q) = 1\}$$

**Hint:** It can be useful to reformulate AFZ as another CTL formula.