### Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (Part II)

**Mayank Mittal** 

#### What are humans good at?









- **1. Exit ETZ building 2. Cross the street**
- 3. Eat at mensa



#### 1. Exit ETZ building

- → Open door
- $\rightarrow$  Walk to the lift
- → Press button
- → Wait for lift

. . . . .

 $\rightarrow$ 



- 2. Cross the street
  - → Find shortest route
  - → Walk safely

.....

 $\rightarrow$ 

→ Follow traffic rules

3. Eat at mensa

- → Open door
- → Wait in a queue
- → Take food
- → .....

#### What are humans good at?

Temporal abstraction





- **1. Exit ETZ building**
- $\rightarrow$ Open door
- $\rightarrow$  Walk to the lift  $\rightarrow$  Walk safely
- $\rightarrow$  Press button
- $\rightarrow$  Wait for lift

. . . . .

 $\rightarrow$ 

APPEREN



- 2. Cross the street
  - $\rightarrow$  Find shortest route

. . . . .

 $\rightarrow$ 

→ Follow traffic rules

3. Eat at mensa

- → Open door
- $\rightarrow$  Wait in a queue
- → Take food
- $\rightarrow$ . . . . .

## What are humans good at?

Temporal abstraction



Transfer/Reusability of Skills





#### **1. Exit ETZ building**

- → Open door

- $\rightarrow$  Wait for lift

. . . . .

 $\rightarrow$ 



#### **2.** Cross the street

- $\rightarrow$  Find shortest route  $\rightarrow$  Open door

→ .....

 $\rightarrow$  Press button  $\rightarrow$  Follow traffic rules

- 3. Eat at mensa
- $\rightarrow$  Walk to the lift  $\rightarrow$  Walk safely  $\rightarrow$  Wait in a queue
  - $\rightarrow$  Take food

 $\rightarrow$  .....

#### How to represent these different goals?

# What are humans good at?

Temporal abstraction



Transfer/Reusability of Skills



Powerful/meaningful state abstraction



# What are humans good at?

Temporal abstraction



Transfer/Reusability of Skills



Powerful/meaningful state abstraction



# Can a learning-based agent do the same?

## **Promise of Hierarchical RL**

Structured exploration







#### Transfer learning



#### **Hierarchical RL**



## **Hierarchical RL**



#### FeUdal Networks for Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (ICML 2017)



#### Data-Efficient Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (NeurIPS 2018)



Meta-Learning Shared Hierarchies (ICLR 2018)

## **Hierarchical RL**



#### FeUdal Networks for Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (ICML 2017)





Data-Efficient Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (NeurIPS 2018)

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#### **Detour: Dilated RNN**

 Able to preserve memories over longer periods



Chang, Shiyu et al. "Dilated Recurrent Neural Networks." NIPS (2017).

















Idea: A single sub-goal (direction) can be reused in many different locations in state space





Intrinsic reward

$$d_{cos}(s_{t+1} - s_t, g_t) = \frac{(s_{t+1} - s_t)^T g_t}{|s_{t+1} - s_t||g_t|}$$



$$r_{t+c}^{I} = \frac{1}{c} \sum_{i=t}^{t+c} d_{cos}(s_{t+c} - s_i, g_i)$$









Why not do end-to-end learning?



#### Manager & Worker: Separate Actor-Critic


#### Qualitative Analysis





sub-policy 1

### Ablative Analysis



#### Ablative Analysis



- FuN, 0.95FuN, 0.99
- LSTM, 0.95
- LSTM, 0.99
- LSTM, 0.99,
  BPTT=100

### Comparison





### Action Repeat Transfer



On-Policy Learning

On-Policy Learning 😕



Wastage!

### **Can we do better?**

# Can we do better?

Off-Policy Learning 🙂



#### **Reusage!**





Unstable Learning





**Unstable Learning** 



#### **To-Be-Disclosed**

# **Hierarchical RL**



FeUdal Networks for Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (ICML 2017)



#### Data-Efficient Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (NeurIPS 2018)

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Raw Observation Space







 $r_I(s_t, g_t, a_t, s_{t+1}) = -||s_t + g_t - s_{t+1}||_2$ 













**Unstable Learning** 



#### **To-Be-Disclosed**





**Unstable Learning** 



Manager's past experience might become useless





t = 12 yrs









Same goal induces different behavior



ear a shirt Goa Goal: "wear a dress"



#### Goal relabelling required!

**Off-Policy Correction for Manager** 

$$\begin{pmatrix} s_{t'}, g_{t}, \\ \tilde{g}_{t}, \\ \tilde{g}_{t'} = \operatorname{argmax} \mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1}) \\ \text{where } \tilde{g}_{t'+1} = h(s_{t'}, \tilde{g}_{t'}, s_{t'+1})$$

**Off-Policy Correction for Manager** 



$$\tilde{g}_{t'} = \underset{\tilde{g}_{t'}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1})$$
  
where  $\tilde{g}_{t'+1} = h(s_{t'}, \tilde{g}_{t'}, s_{t'+1})$ 



#### Ant Push



#### **Qualitative Analysis**



### Ablative Analysis



#### Comparison

	Ant Gather	Ant Maze	Ant Push	Ant Fall
HIRO	3.02±1.49	0.99±0.01	0.92±0.04	0.66±0.07
FuN representation	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0\pm0.0$
FuN transition PG	$0.41\pm0.06$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.56 \pm 0.39$	$0.01\pm0.02$
FuN cos similarity	$0.85 \pm 1.17$	$0.16\pm0.33$	$0.06\pm0.17$	$0.07\pm0.22$
FuN	$0.01\pm0.01$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$
SNN4HRL	$1.92\pm0.52$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.02\pm0.01$	$0.0\pm0.0$
VIME	$1.42\pm0.90$	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.02\pm0.02$	$0.0\pm0.0$
# Data-Efficient HRL (HIRO)

# Comparison



# **Can we do better?**

# **Can we do better?**

What is missing?

# **Can we do better?**

# What is missing?

Structured exploration





# **Hierarchical RL**



FeUdal Networks for Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (ICML 2017)



Data-Efficient Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning (NeurIPS 2018)



Meta-Learning Shared Hierarchies (ICLR 2018)



**Computer Vision practice:** 

- Train on ImageNet
- Fine tune on actual task



**Computer Vision practice:** 

- Train on ImageNet
- Fine tune on actual task



# How to generalize this to behavior learning?

Slide Credits: Pieter Abbeel, Metal-Learning Symposium (NIPS 2017)



Image Credits: Pieter Abbeel, Metal-Learning Symposium (NIPS 2017)





Image Credits: Pieter Abbeel, Metal-Learning Symposium (NIPS 2017)





**GOAL:** Find sub-policies that enable fast learning of master policy  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ 



**GOAL:** Find sub-policies that enable fast learning of master policy  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ 

maximize 
$$\phi E_{M \sim P_M, t=0...T-1}[R]$$

Initialize  $\phi$ repeat Initialize  $\theta$ Sample task  $M \sim P_M$ 

for w = 0, 1, ...W (warmup period) do

Collect D timesteps of experience using  $\pi_{\phi,\theta}$ 

Update  $\theta$  to maximize expected return from 1/N timescale viewpoint end for

for u = 0, 1, ..., UCollect *D* timest Update  $\theta$  to max Update  $\phi$  to max end for Intil convergence



timescale viewpoint mescale viewpoint

Initialize  $\phi$ repeat Initialize  $\theta$ Sample task  $M \sim$ for w = 0, 1, ...WCollect D time Update  $\theta$  to ma



#### end for

for u = 0, 1, ..., U (joint update period) do

Collect D timesteps of experience using  $\pi_{\phi,\theta}$ 

Update  $\theta$  to maximize expected return from 1/N timescale viewpoint Update  $\phi$  to maximize expected return from full timescale viewpoint end for

until convergence

Initialize  $\phi$ repeat Initialize  $\theta$ Sample task  $M \sim P_M$ for w = 0, 1, ...W (warmup period) do Collect D timesteps of experience using  $\pi_{\phi,\theta}$ Update  $\theta$  to maximize expected return from 1/N timescale viewpoint end for for  $u = 0, 1, \dots, U$  (joint update period) do Collect D timesteps of experience using  $\pi_{\phi,\theta}$ Update  $\theta$  to maximize expected return from 1/N timescale viewpoint Update  $\phi$  to maximize expected return from full timescale viewpoint end for until convergence

#### Ant Two-walks



#### Ant Obstacle Course



#### **Movement Bandits**



#### Comparison



# Ablative Analysis



### Ablative Analysis



#### Four Rooms





### Comparison



# Summary



#### FUN

- Directional goals
- Dilated RNN
- Transition Policy Gradient



#### HIRO

- Absolute goals in observation space
- Data-efficient
- Off-policy label correction



#### MLSH

- Generalized RL algorithm
- Inspired from "Options" framework

# **Future Work**

- How to decide temporal resolution (i.e. c, N)?
- Do we need discrete sub-policies?

 Future prospects of HRL? More hierarchies?

# Thank you for your attention!

# **Any Questions?**

# References

- Vezhnevets, A.S., Osindero, S., Schaul, T., Heess, N., Jaderberg, M., Silver, D., & Kavukcuoglu, K. (2017). FeUdal Networks for Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning. *ICML*.
- Nachum, O., Gu, S., Lee, H., & Levine, S. (2018).
  Data-Efficient Hierarchical Reinforcement Learning. *NeurIPS*.
- Frans, K., Ho, J., Chen, X., Abbeel, P., & Schulman, J. (2018). Meta Learning Shared Hierarchies. CoRR, abs/1710.09767.

# Appendix

# **Hierarchical RL**



# **Hierarchical RL**



Image Credits: Levy A. et. al (2019) Learning Multi-Level Hierarchies With Hindsight, ICLR



Image Credits: Sergey Levine (2018), CS 294-112 (Lecture 6)

# FeUdal Networks (FUN)




## **Transition Policy Gradient**

$$\nabla_{\theta} g_{t} = \mathbb{E}_{\pi_{t,\theta}} [(R_{t} - V(s_{t})) \nabla_{\theta} log(\pi_{t,\theta}^{TP}(s_{t+c}|s_{t}))]$$
$$= \mathbb{E} [(R_{t} - V(s_{t})) \nabla_{\theta} log(p(s_{t+c}|s_{t},\theta))]$$

#### Assumption:

- Worker will eventually learn to follow the goal directions
- Direction in state-space follows von Mises-Fisher distribution

$$p(s_{t+c}|s_t,\theta) \alpha \exp(d_{cos}(s_{t+c}-s_t,g_t(\theta)))$$

#### Learnt sub-goals by Manager



### Memory Task: Non-Match



non-match

#### Memory Task: T-Maze



#### Memory Task: Water-Maze



## Comparison



## Network Structure: TD3





For more details: Fujimoto, S., et. al (2018). Addressing Function Approximation Error in Actor-Critic Methods. ICML.

**Off-Policy Correction for Manager** 



$$\tilde{g}_{t'} = \underset{\tilde{g}_{t'}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1})$$
  
where  $\tilde{g}_{t'+1} = h(s_{t'}, \tilde{g}_{t'}, s_{t'+1})$ 

## **Off-Policy Correction for Manager**

$$\tilde{g}_{t'} = \operatorname*{argmax}_{\tilde{g}_{t'}} \mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1})$$

$$= \operatorname*{argmax}_{\tilde{g}_{t'}} \log(\mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1}))$$

$$\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=t'}^{t'+c-1} ||a_i - \mu^{lo}(s_i, \tilde{g}_i)||_2^2 + \operatorname{constant}$$

Approximately solved by generating candidate goals  $\tilde{g}_{t'}$ 

## **Off-Policy Correction for Manager**

$$\tilde{g}_{t'} = \underset{\tilde{g}_{t'}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \mu^{lo}(a_{t':t'+c-1}|s_{t':t'+c-1}, \tilde{g}_{t':t'+c-1})$$

Approximately solved by generating candidate goals  $\tilde{g}_{t^\prime}\,$  :

- Original goal given:  $g_{t'}$
- Absolute goal based on transition observed:  $s_{t'+c} s_{t'}$
- Randomly sampled candidates:



## Training

- 1. Collect experience  $s_t, g_t, a_t, R_t, \ldots$
- 2. Train  $\mu^{lo}$  with experience transitions  $(s_t, g_t, a_t, r_t, s_{t+1}, g_{t+1})$  using  $g_t$  as additional state observation and reward given by goal-conditioned function  $r_t = r(s_t, g_t, a_t, s_{t+1}) = -||s_t + g_t s_{t+1}||_2$ .
- 3. Train  $\mu^{hi}$  on temporally-extended experience  $(s_t, \tilde{g}_t, \sum R_{t:t+c-1}, s_{t+c})$ , where  $\tilde{g}_t$  is relabelled high-level action to maximize probability of past low-level actions  $a_{t:t+c-1}$ .
- 4. Repeat.

## Environments



Ant Push







Ant Fall



## Network Structure: PPO



#### Manager

2-layer MLP with 64 hidden units





#### **Each sub-policy**

2-layer MLP with 64 hidden units



## Training



## Comparison



### Comparison



Reward on Walk/Crawl combination task	
MLSH Transfer	14333
Shared Policy Transfer	6055
Single Policy	-643

## Comparison



Reward on Ant Obstacle taskMLSH Transfer193Single Policy0